

THE PLIGHT OF REED ROBERTS

- Reed Poberts Housing wara <u>blight</u> on the entire neighbor hood
 It became an <u>ineffective</u> family housing environment
 The buildings were of physical and functional <u>obsolescence</u>
 It was an area of high <u>cvime</u>



To fix REED ROBERTS it was necessary to 'zoom out' and develop a comprehensive strategy for the survounding neighborhood that had been negatively affected



no public - oriented green space



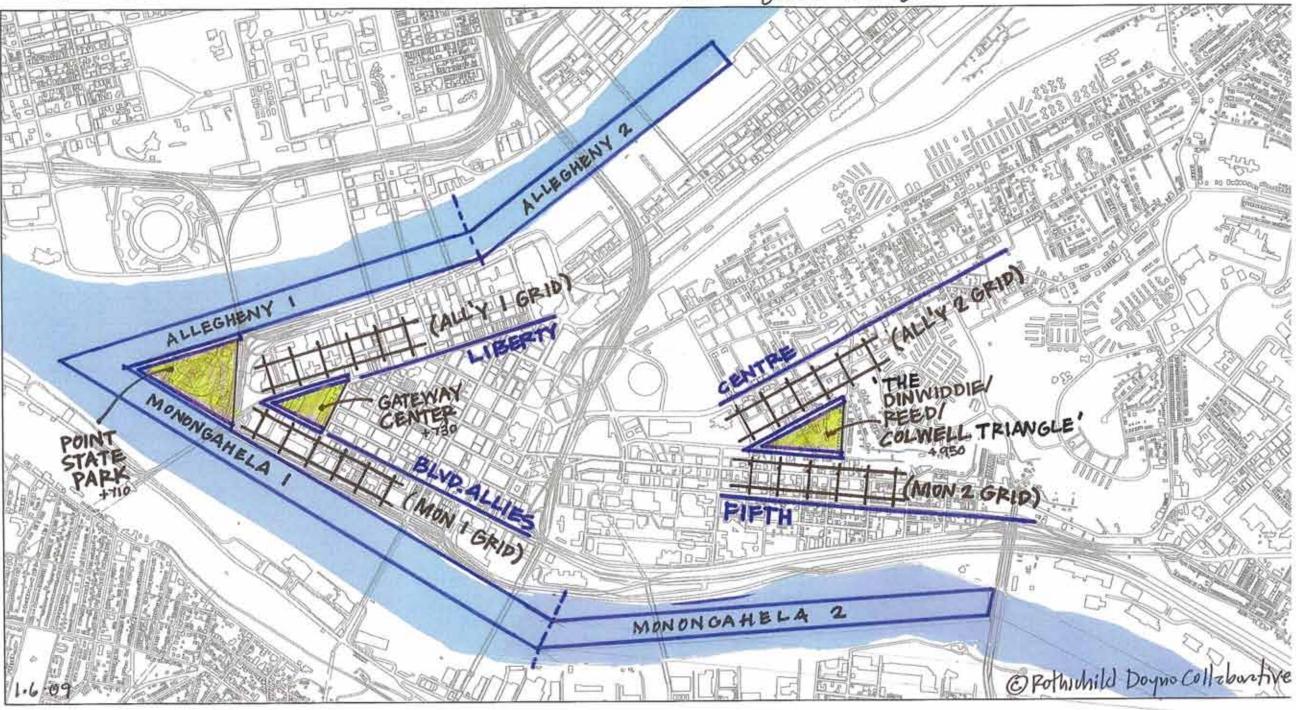
modular housing in a hap hazard arrangement



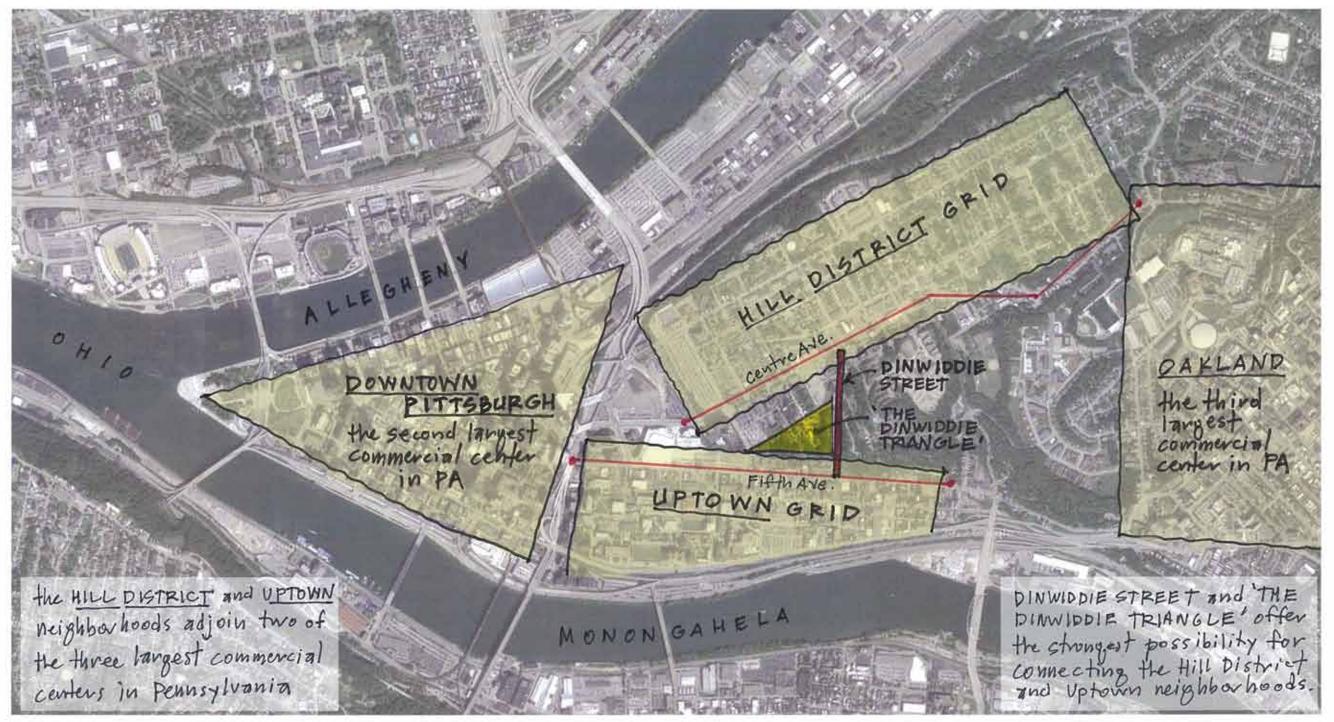
no relationship to architecture of existing neighborhood

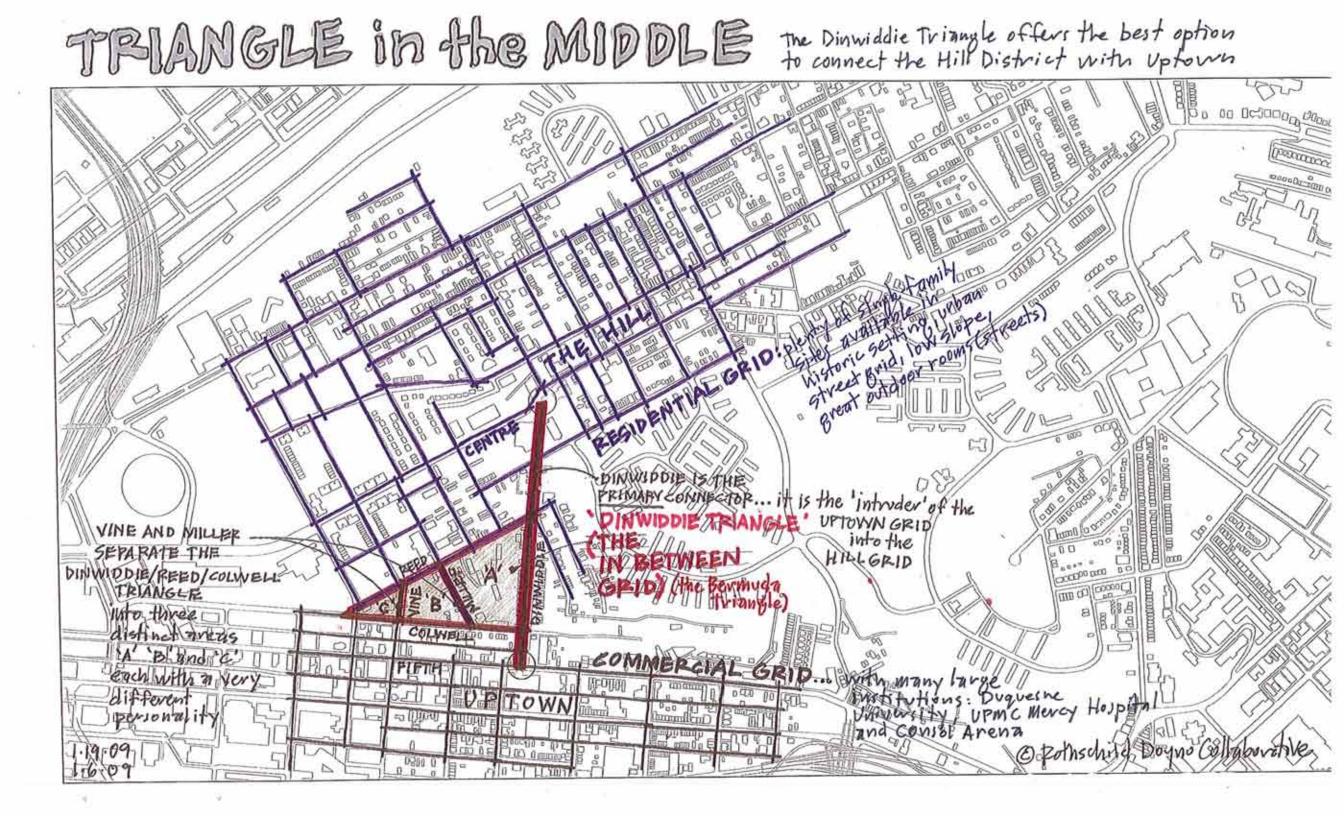
3 GOLDEN TRIANGLES

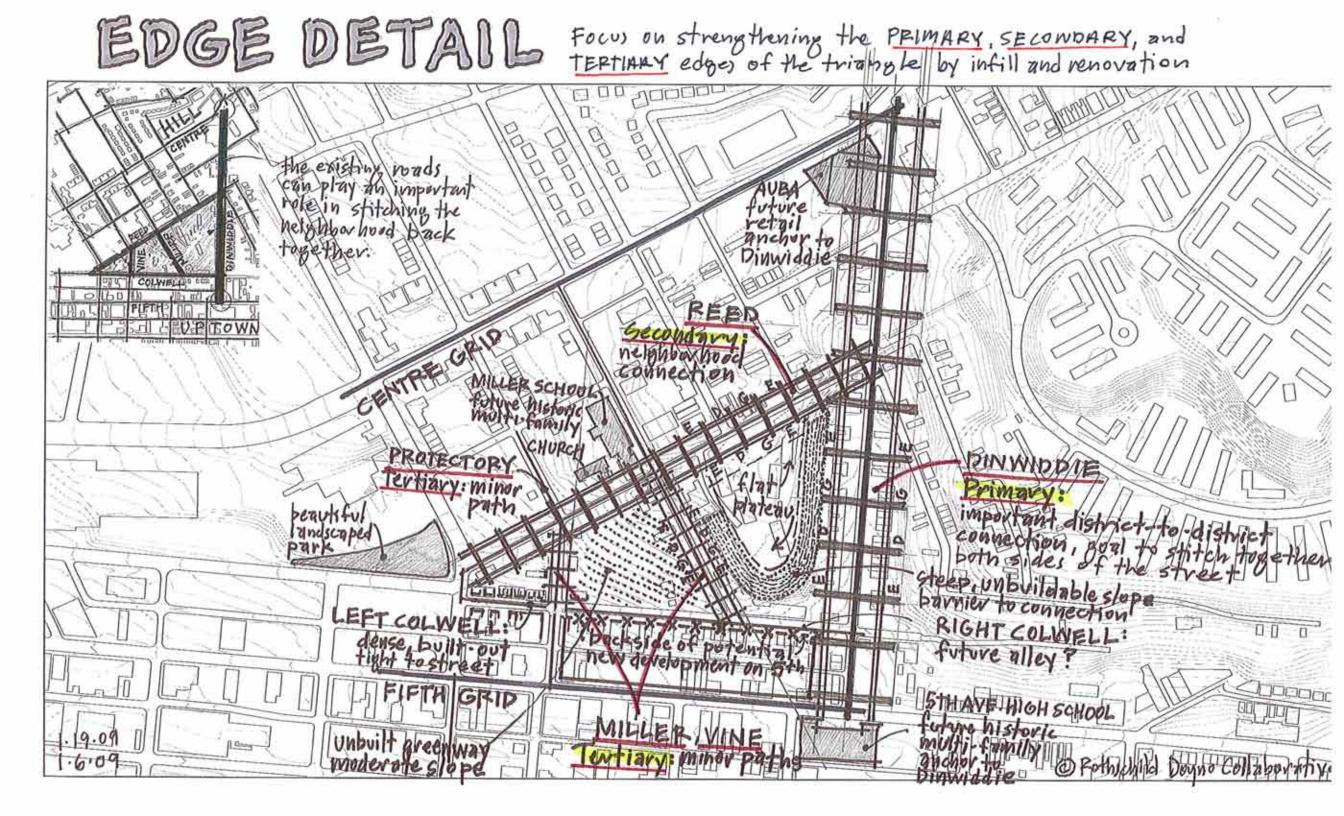
when the guids of the Allegherry and Monongahela are projected inwards, they result in THREE special Bolden' triangles



TRIANGLE AS A CONNECTOR









THAT WAS THEN ... 1906



Historical map of Dinwiddie Street of 1906 shows thick density of repetitive housing aligning both sides of the street

THIS IS NOW ... 2009



* Aerial photo of 2009 shows deterioration of density with an abundance of Vacant lots and dilapidated buildings

DETAILS... 2009 The Dinwiddie Triangle has no coherence. It is comprised of <u>Vacant</u> lots, buildings in poor condition, and <u>Unsafe</u> structures.



TYPICALLY IN THE HILL DISTRICT ... the solution would be to demolish the entire district and build a new neighborhood. But is there another way?

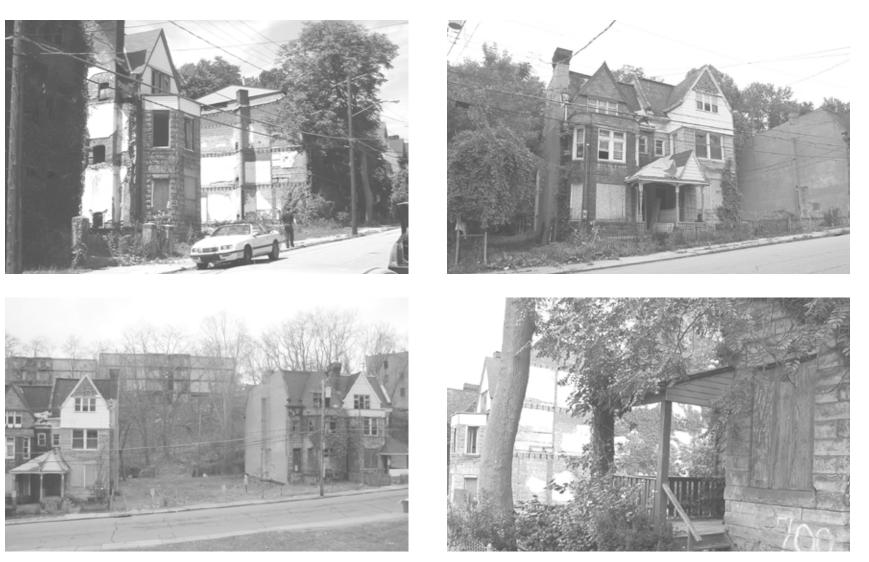
DINWIDDIE TRANGLE GOALS

THE 'TYPICAL' WAY :

- " Build repetitive new housing that relates to the old
- · Create a new place

THE DINWIDDLE WAY :

- · perion the strengths and wezkresses of every parcel on an individual basis
- " Retain as many existing buildings as possible
- " Build new that responds uniquely to each parcel condition
- · Crezte à new/old place



1. Restore urban density and strengthen existing connections

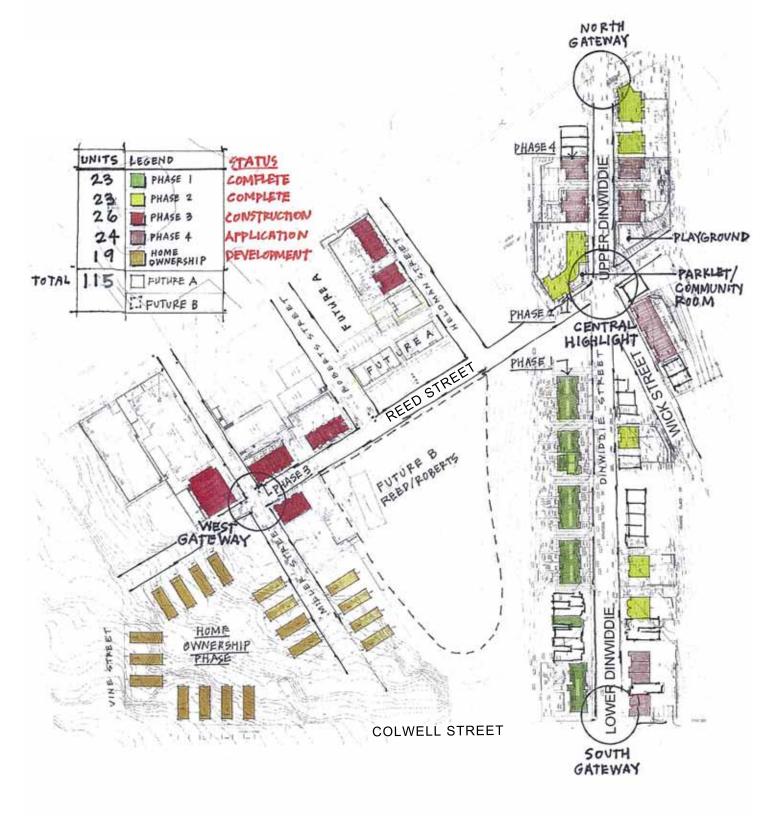
2. Retain and restore historical buildings, interweave with new construction

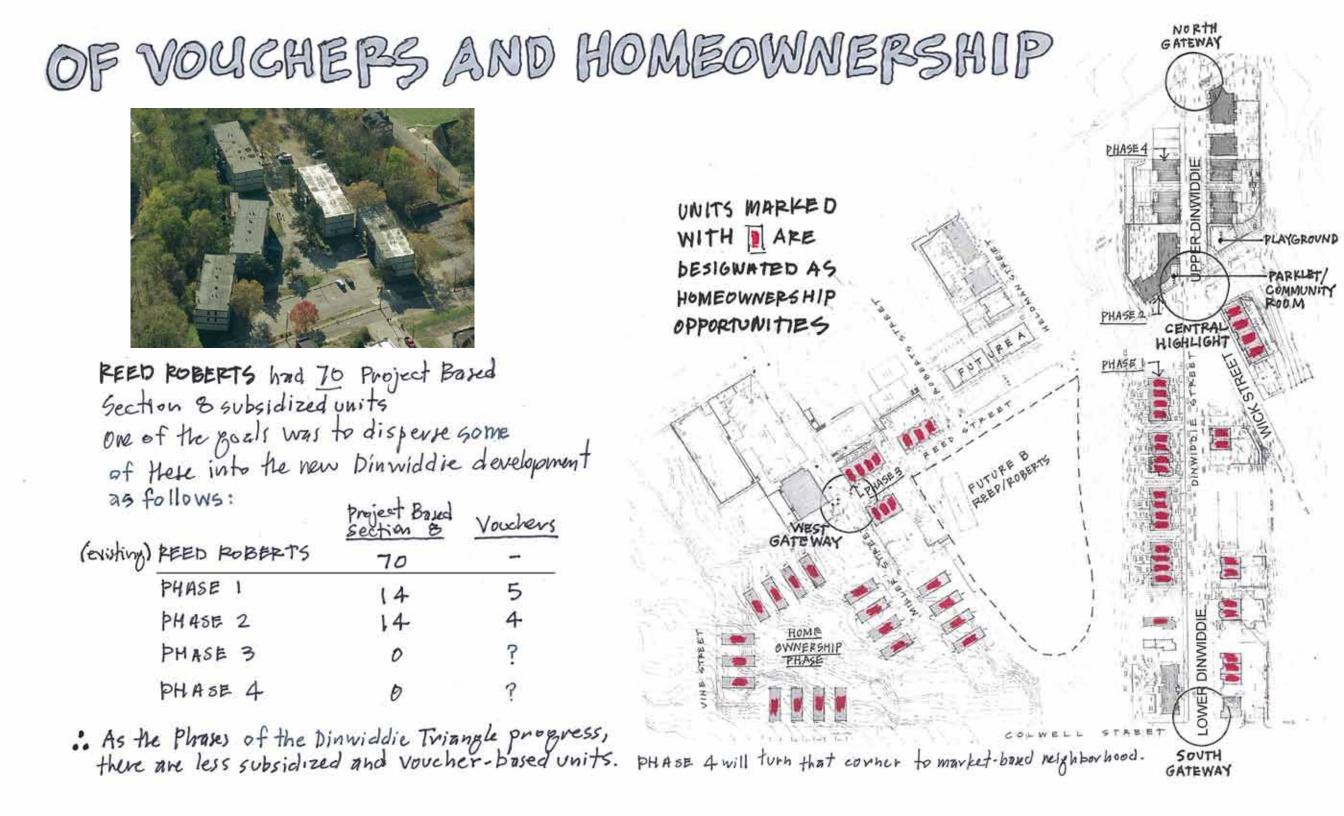
3. Reinforce sense of community and history

PHASING PLAN

A TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COSTS

PHASE 1	Equity Public Energy Loan (CFA)	\$ \$ \$	6,677,876 1,290,000 273,872
	Total Development Cost	\$	8,241,748
PHASE 2	Equity Public	\$\$	5,782,044 1,360,000
	Total Development Cost	\$	7,142,044
PHASE 3	Equity Public	\$ \$	7,923,168 1,492,000
	Total Development Cost	\$	9,415,168
PHASE 4	Equity (@7.38%) Public	\$ \$	6,940,954 2,000,000
	Total Development Cost	\$	8,940,954





PHASE 1 EXISTING



many abandoned buildings ...



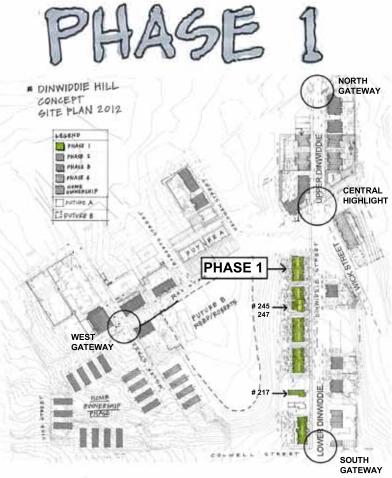
deteriorated sidewalks, front yards, porches ...



many vacant lots ...



and buildings in deteriorated condition.



PHASE 1 GOALS

- **Restore density** on West Side of Lower Dinwiddie.
- Create one side of South
 Gateway at Colwell
 Street.
 - **Restore**, **renovate** and **integrate** 217 and 245/7 Dinwiddie.
 - Enhance **pedestrian connections** with new streetscape.



· Density restored



· One side of South Gateway established



· Historic building integrated



· redestriza experience enhanced





· BEFORE - building in very poor condition, abandoned



AFTEP
 historic building renovated and restored
 new construction abouts and reinterprets
 historic building form and details
 (front porches, projected bays, steeply-pitched roofs...)

PHASE 2 EXISTING



Vacant corner lot at center of development ...



gaps in density at various places ...

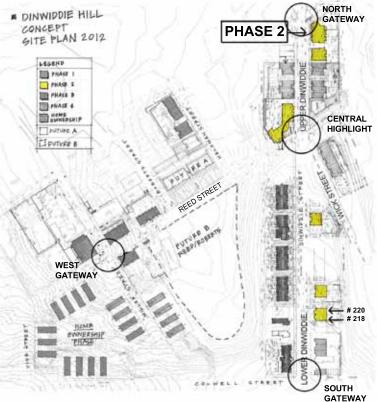


abandoned buildings in very poor condition ...



empty lot at upper Dinwiddie.





PHASE 2 GOALS

- Create central highlight
 to development
- Establish North Gateway
- Infill density on East side
 of Lower Dinwiddie
 - Restore 218 and 220 (by disassembling stone facade, building new units, and reassembling stone facade)



· Central highlight includes public tot lot parklet, adjoining community room, and special corner unit above # 220 #218



· North Gateway with tower highlight



· pensity reestablished on east side



· Removed stone facades of 218 and 220, constructed new Units, Nebuilt stone facade





Vacant corner lot ...



and quother vacant corner lot ...

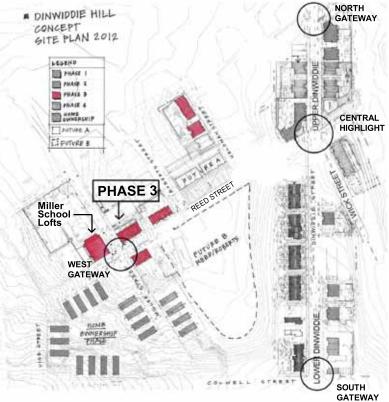


and another vacant corner lot ...



existing Auditorium (below) and Gym (above) of historic Miller School.





PHASE 3 GOALS

- Integrate Reed Street into the Dinwiddie development
 - Increase density on vacant land
 - Establish **West** Gateway
 - Create adaptive reuse of historic Miller School auditorium and Gym into 8 loft apartments











MILLER SCHOOL AUDITORIUM/GYM "The adaptive revie of the historic Miller School is an exciting opportunity to breathenew life into a vacant property.



" existing Aditorium

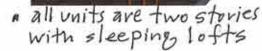


· existing Gym



these cool historical details will be incorporated into the interior design of the loft apartments







"community celebration marking the start of construction



"the Auditorium and Gym will each be divided into four loft apartments





Vacant corner lot in foreground ...



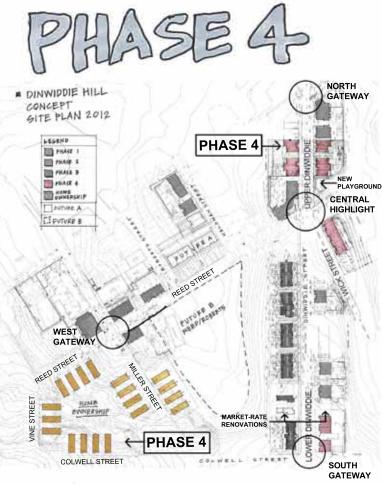
gaps and deteriorated buildings on Wick ...



gaps in density at upper Dinwiddle ...



Vacant corner lot at South Gateway.



PHASE 4 GOALS

PHASE 4 is the final piece of the puzzle that completes the framework surrounding Reed Roberts

- COMPLETES density and infill of upper Dinwiddie
- COMPLETES density and infill at intersection of Dinwiddie and Reed and adds new Playground
- COMPLETES
 South Gateway

With the framework complete, privately-funded, market-rate housing will offer homeownership opportunities to residents in the block bordered by Reed, Miller, Colwell, and Vine.





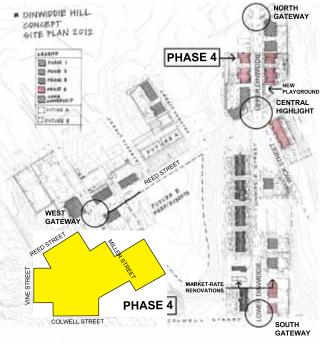




PHASE 4 HOMEOWNERSHIP



• The area bounded by Peed/Miller/Colwell/ Vine is a mostly Vacant, moderatelysloped property

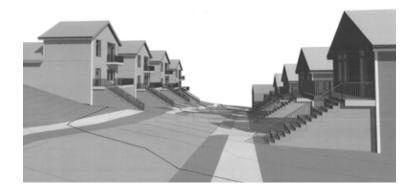




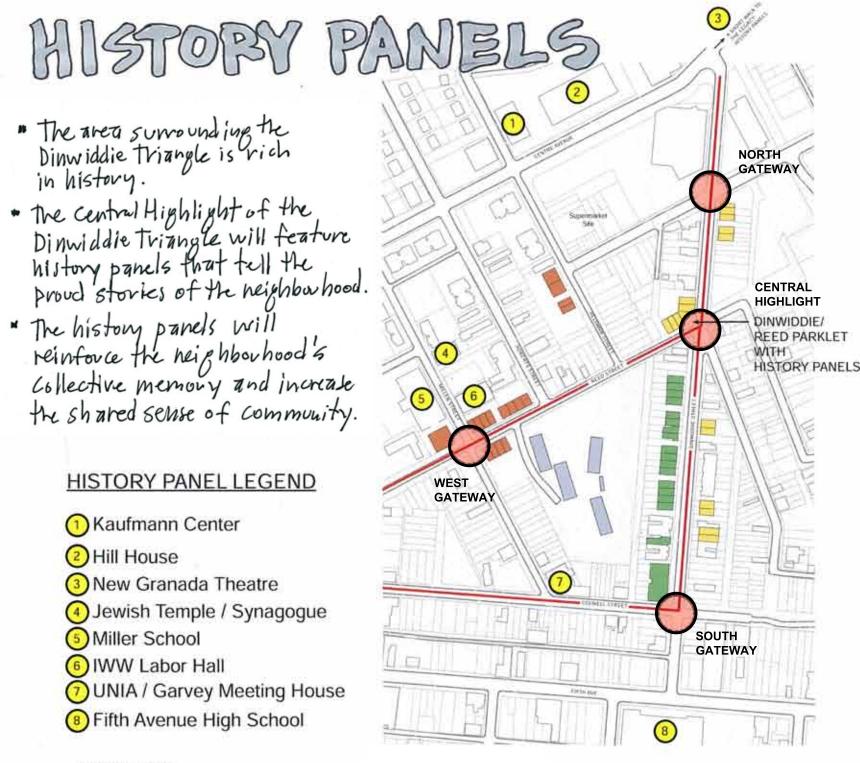
"With the framework surrounding Reed Roberts complete, the Dinwiddie Triangle development can be a catalyst for surrounding properties.



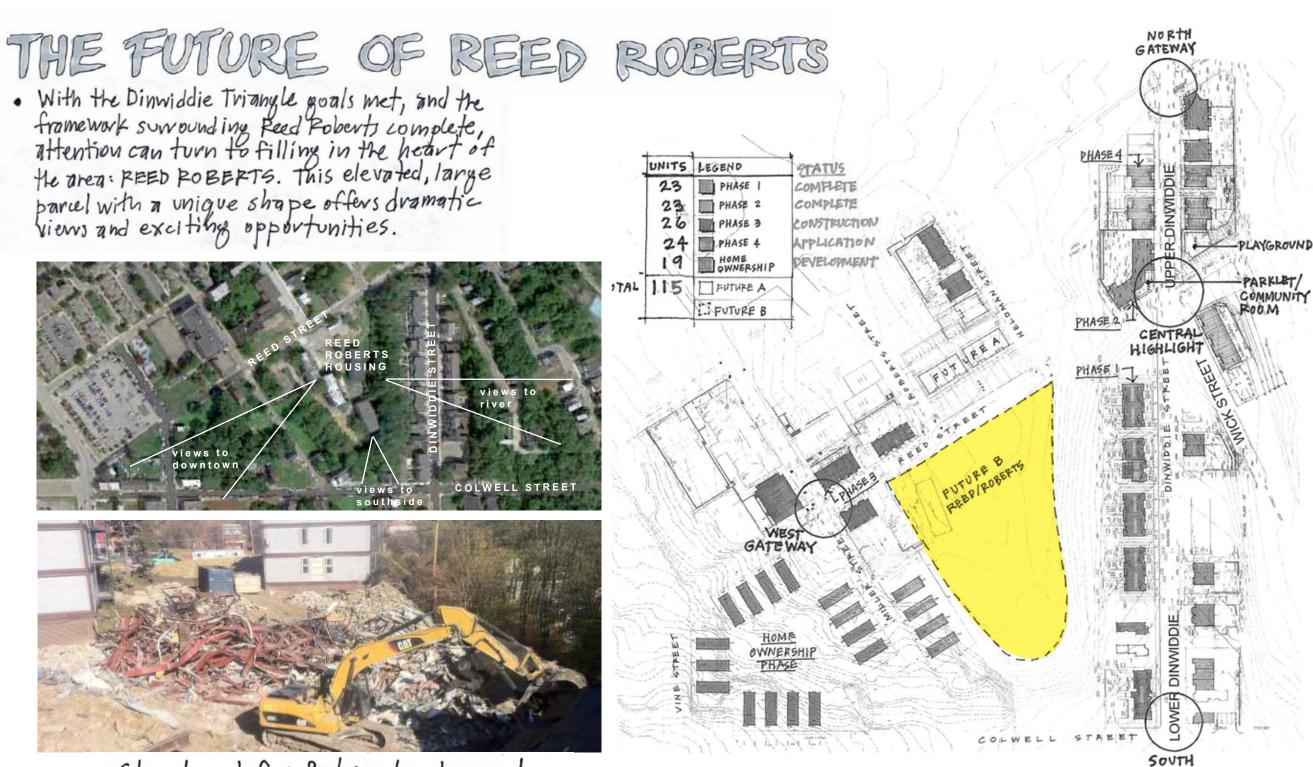




· 19 privately-funded, market-rate housing, surrounding a large common ground.







GATEWAY

· Stay tuned for future developments ...